

Sales at Vendue.
On every Tuesday and Friday,
WILL BE SOLD

At the Vendue Store, corner of Prince and Water streets.
A Variety of Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.
Particulars of which will be expressed in the bills of the day—All kinds of goods which are on limitation and the prices of which are established, can at any time be viewed and purchased at the lowest limitation and prices.

P. G. Marsteller, v. m.

Wanted to Hire for the ensuing Year,

A NEGRO MAN, who can work in the house, and take care of horses. Apply to the PRINTER.
November 14.

FRESH FRUIT.

The subscriber has just received and offers for sale,

Malaga Raisins in kegs,
Muscatel and Bloom Raisins in boxes.

ALSO,

36 bags and 12 barrels Coffee.
James Patton.

April 19.

Just Published,

(Price 12 and a half Cents.)

For sale, at R. GRAY'S Bookstore, King-street.

A Discourse on the Resurrection of the Body :

By the Rev. Samuel Stanhope Smith, President of Princeton College.
November 10.

NEW ALMANAC.
COTTON & STEWART,
HAVE JUST PUBLISHED THEIR
ALMANAC,
For 1840.

Containing, besides the astronomical calculations, a variety of useful and entertaining matter.

ALSO,
GERMAN ALMANCS,
For 1840.

For sale by the Gross, Dozen, or single one
October

Charles Slade & Thos. Grimshaw,
HAVING entered into partnership in the
ROPE-MAKING BUSINESS, offer for sale, at their store on Merchants' wharf, a general assortment of CORDAGE and SHIP-CHANDLERY, at which place, or at their rope-walk, they will receive orders for any description of Cordage warranted to be made out of the best materials and manufactured in such a manner as will bear the inspection of the best judges.
N.B. A liberal price will be always given for HEMP of the best quality.
November 24.

MILITARY LANDS.
FOR SALE,

Or will be exchanged for Property in Alexandria or its vicinity.

A Warrant for 696 acres of Land, Granted by the state of Virginia for Military services during the revolutionary war. This land lies in the state of Ohio, and is said to be amongst the best in the state. It will be sold a great bargain. Apply to
John Longden.

May 13.

A GREAT BARGAIN.

THE subscriber wishing to remove to the western country, will sell the FARM on which he resides in Fairfax county, 11 miles from Alexandria, 9 from George Town ferry, and about the same from the Potomac bridge crossing to the city of Washington—in a healthy, agreeable neighborhood, containing about 470 acres, on which is a convenient dwelling house, large enough for a genteel family, together with all the outhouses suitable, all new or nearly so; an orchard of apple trees of selected fruit, together with different other fruit trees, a proportion of improved meadow for the scythe, and a large portion more may easily be made. Any person inclined to purchase may know the terms by application to Mr. JOHN DUTIN, adjoining the said farm, or the subscriber on the premises.
E. Dulia.

For Sale, Freight or Charter,



The BRIG
PRESAGE,

Well found and nearly new, burthen 1300 barrels, laying at M'Clean's wharf. For terms apply to

Tenny & Ober, or
Daniel M'Clean.

Landing from the above vessel, and for sale,
13 hhds. COFFEE,
40 bags COCOA, and
3 puncheons RUM.

Tenny & Ober.

January 12.

For Freight or Charter,



The Barque
George William,

Burthen 160 tons,
STEPHEN HOPKINS, Master.

Apply to

John G. Ladd,

Who has for sale, now landing from said barque,

118 quarter casks first quality Sherry Wine
40 chests Young Hyson, Hyson and Imperial Teas, of the latest importation.
The above entitled to debenture.
Dec. 30.

Public Sale.

On TUESDAY next, will be sold, at the Vendue Store, on a credit of four months,
A Negro Lad of seventeen years, who has eighteen years to serve.
P. G. Marsteller.

January 18.

Public Sale.

On TUESDAY next will be sold at the Vendue Store, for the benefit of the underwriters,

One forefail, one caboufe and a pump, damaged on board the schooner Maria, John M'Knight, master.

Philip G. Marsteller.

January 18.

JUST RECEIVED

BY THE SUBSCRIBER,

10 hhds. retailing Molasses.
10 do. 4th proof Jamaica & Angitigu Rum.
20 barrels New England Rum.

Joseph H. Mandeville.

January 10.

TO RENT,

A handsome convenient two-story Brick Dwelling House, with out houses complete, and garden situated on Patrick between King and Prince-streets.

ALSO,

A convenient two story Frame House on the Mall. Apply to

Isaac Gibbon.

January 15.

ROSE HILL FOR SALE.

This healthy, beautiful, and well improved SEAT is now offered for sale.

It contains 400 acres, 150 of which are in wood. No land is better adapted to the use of Plaster of Paris, and there is some very valuable meadow land upon it.

For terms apply to W. H. Foote, esq. upon the premises, or to the subscriber in Charles county, Maryland.

Benjamin Dulany, jun.

September 14

BUTTER.

4000 lbs. fakin Butter, in good shipping order.

20 boxes Dixon's fresh Mustard.
40 kegs Leiper's & Garrett's Souffle.

Just received by

Joseph Mandeville,

Corner of King and Fairfax streets.

With a general assortment of Groceries at usual.

November 28.

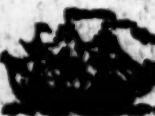
LANDING

From the Norfolk Packet and for sale by

Lawrason and Fowle;

15 hhds. Retailing MOLASSES.
100 boxes Fresh Muscatel RAISINS.
January 8.

FOR FREIGHT.



The staunch, fast sailing
Schooner

General Johnston,

Burthen about one hundred tons, Stephen L. Davis, master.—Apply to

John G. Ladd.

January 4.

LIBERAL WAGES

WILL be given for a smart active BOY and GIRL for the ensuing year
Apply to the Printer.

Dec. 26.

Just Received,

AND FOR SALE BY

CHARLES I. CATLETT,

75 chests Imperial, Hyson, & Young Hyson Teas.

30,000 lbs. prime Green Coffee.

20 pipes and 8 quarter casks Lieben and Teneriffe Wine.

8 hogsheds Muscovado Sugar.

2000 lbs. Seine Twine.

50 boxes Mould Candles.

50 do. Spanish Segars.

8 barrels Pimento.

October 16.

LANDING

From the sloop Ranger, Captain Campbell, and for sale by

Lawrason and Fowle,

30 tons Plaster Paris

20 barrels New-England Rum

100 kegs Salmon

4 chests Young Hyson Tea

39 coils Grass Rope

5000 yards Tow Cloth

33 casks Goshen Cheese, of a superior quality.

IN STORE,

30,000 weight Green Coffee

25 hogsheds and 20 barrels Muscovado Sugars

10 chests Young Hyson Tea, of a superior quality

50 cases Florence Oil, 12 bottles each

100 bolts Ravens Duck

100 reams Writing Paper.

30 barrels Tanners-Oil

3 casks Sperm Oil

4 pipes 4th proof Alicante Brandy

4 puncheons Jamaica Rum

200 barrels Mess No. 1 & No. 2 Beef

50 barrels Prime Pork

150 boxes Brown Soap

6 casks Timothy Seed

50 boxes Cod Fish

50 Do. No. 1 & 3 Chocolate

10 barrels Salmon

20,000 lbs. Seal Leather

30 packages Shoes different qualities.

30 casks Bellona Gunpowder

1 case German Chees's

WANTED,

1000 bushels clean Rye, for which Cash will be given.

Apply as above.

The Subscriber

Has received the following articles:

New Orleans and St. Croix Sugars of the first quality

Mississippi Cotton of the first quality

Cogniac Brandy, St. Croix Rum, Holland Gin

London Particular Madeira

Sherry

Lisbon

Superior Claret in cases

Imperial,

Hyson,

Young Hyson,

Hyson Skin,

Souchong, &

Hohea

Best Green Coffee in bags and barrels

Gunpowder

P. B. Patent Shot, from B. B. to No. 9

Mould Shot, B. L. and S. S. C.

Salt Petre, double refined

Spanish Potant Indigo

Copperas of the 1st quality

Fresh Nutmegs

Pimento and black Pepper,

Demijohns.

With a general assortment of GROCE

RIES, and as usual, old Jamaica Spirits

Peach Brandy, and old Port wine in bottles.

The above articles will be sold very low by he, wholesale or retail.

TO RENT,

A convenient and well finished BRICK HOUSE, at the upper end of King street.

James Sanderson.

Nov 2.

JAMES BACON

Begin leave to inform his former customers and friends, that he has

Recommenced the Grocery Business, At his Store on King near Washington-street.

WHERE HE OFFERS FOR SALE,

A well chosen assortment of goods, in that line,

Warranted genuine, particularly his

TEAS, WINES & LIQUORS,

Which are of a superior quality—He will dispose of each and every article on the most moderate terms.

May 2.

Public Sale.

On THURSDAY, 25th instant, will be sold, on the premises, on a credit of 6, 12, and 18 months,

Two two story Brick Houses

situated on Royal street, between Prince and Duke streets, and several vacant Lots of Ground, situated on Royal & Duke streets.

P. G. Marsteller.

January 18.

Joseph H. Mandeville,

Offers for sale the following articles, by wholesale or retail.

3000 bush. Lisbon and Liverpool Salt

20000 lbs Green Coffee, in barrels and bags

5000 Goshen Cheese, of excellent quality in casks

1000 New England do. do.

200 bbls. of Herrings, Shad and Mackerel

50 tons Plaster Paris

20 bales prime Upland Georgia Cotton

10 hhds. Jamaica, Antigua and Demerara-Rum

4 pipes French and ditto Brandy

15 hhds. Muscovado Sugar

50 bbls. do. do. different qualities

2 hhds. Copperas

Gunpowder,

Imperial,

Hyson,

Young Hyson,

and

Hyson Skin,

Madeira,

Lisbon,

Claret, and

Catalonia

Holland and Country Gin

New England Rum in hhds and bbls.

Peach and Apple Brandy in bbls.

Martinique Cordials, in boxes

Loaf and Lump Sugar, Havannah Honey

per gallon, Figblue,

Molasses in hhds. Spanish Potant Indigo,

Spanish Cigars, Butter,

Harris's and Taylor's manufactured Tobacco in kegs,

Gunpowder and Shot of different sizes,

Cinnamon, Nutmegs, Pepper, Pimento,

Chocolate Nos. 1 and 3, Mould and Dips Candies,

Also,

Malaga Raisins in boxes,

Pipes in boxes, 3 gross each,

Hingham Box's, Hamilton's Garrett's and Leiper's Souffle in bottles.

London and Philadelphia Mustard,

Writing and Wrapping Paper,

Bed Cards, Leading Lines, &c.

Also,

A constant supply of WATER GRASSES and best SUPPLYING STOCK, by retail, and

30 hhds. of Maryland and Virginia Tobacco.

November 28.

Ten Dollars Reward

For apprehending and delivering to me a negro man named SAM, who left this on the 13th instant: He is by trade a blacksmith, about 20 years of age, 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, rather slender in form, and has a pleasant countenance. If taken out of this country an additional compensation will be allowed.

Buffrod Washington.

Mount Vernon.

January 15—1840.

Bank of Alexandria.

January 1, 1840.

NOTICE is hereby given to the stockholders of the Bank of Alexandria, that a dividend of three and a half per cent on the capital stock of said Bank for the half year ending this day is declared and will be ready to be paid to them on Thursday the 28th inst.

By order of the President and Directors,

Garden Chapin, Cashier.

January 2.

Alexandria Daily Gazette, COMMERCIAL AND POLITICAL.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY
SAMUEL SNOWDEN,
Royal-street, Alexandria.

Daily Gazette, 6 Dollars per annum.
Country Gazette, 5 Dollars.

MONDAY, JANUARY 32.

Alexandria Price Current. CORRECTED WEEKLY. FOREIGN ARTICLES.

	per.	D.	C.	D.	C.
Coffee,	lb.	23	40	25	
Duck, Russia	bolt.	35	18	21	
Ravens	box	9	10		
Fruit, Raisins	kg	4	5		
Indigo, Spanish (hot.)	lb.	2	25	2	50
Molasses,	gal.	60	60	63	
Salt, coarse	bus.	60	75		
Spice	lb.	75	90		
Spices, Nutmegs	lb.	7	8		
Pepper	lb.	22	24		
Pimento	lb.	28	32		
Spirits Brandy (French) 4th	gal.	1	80	2	
Gin, Holland	gal.	1	50	1	75
Rum, Jamaica 4th	gal.	1	18	1	25
Antigua 3d	gal.	1	1	1	10
Windward 2d	gal.	1	93	1	
Sugars, 1st quality	cwt.	12	13		
2d & 3d	cwt.	9	12		
Teas, Imperial	lb.	1	60	1	75
Hyson	lb.	1	1	1	20
Young Hyson	lb.	1	1	1	10
Hyson Skin	lb.	75	85		
Wines, Madeira	gal.	2	2	2	50
Port	gal.	1	60	1	75
Lisbon	gal.	1	25	1	30
Malaga	gal.	1	1	1	5

DOMESTIC ARTICLES.

	per.	D.	C.	D.	C.
Bacon	lb.	9	11		
Beef, Mess	bbl.	13	12		
Prime	bbl.	12			
Bread, Crackers	100	6	5	50	
Pilot	lb.	3	3		
Ship	lb.	18	20		
Candles, Mould	lb.	16	18		
Dipt	lb.	8	12		
Cheese	lb.	16	18		
Cotton, Upland	bbl.	7	50	8	
Fish, Mackerel	bbl.	7	50	8	
Shad	bbl.	7	50	8	
Herrings	bbl.	3	75		
Flour, superfine	bus.	6	92		
Grain, Wheat	bus.	1	20	1	30
Corn	bus.	75	80		
Flaxseed	bus.	90	100		
Glass, Window 8 by 10	box	13	16		
Gunpowder, Keg	25l.	14	16		
Hemp	cwt.	14	16		
Iron, Barr	ton	120	125		
Pork, Mess	bbl.	18			
Prime	bbl.	15			
Spirits, N. E. Rum	gal.	80	85		
Whiskey	gal.	70	70		
Sugar, New-Orleans	100	12	15		
Loaf	lb.	20	21		
Lump	lb.	19	20		
Tobacco, Maryland	cwt.	2	50	4	50
Potomac	cwt.	3	14	50	

PRICE OF STOCKS.

Alexandria Bank,	three per cent, advance.
Potomac do.	par
Marine Insurance	par
Washington Bridge	par
Little River Turnpike	uncertain
Washington and Alexandria do.	par
Exchange on London,	par.

Orphans' Court,

Alexandria County, Dec. Term, 1808.
Ordered, that the executor of Wm. Fitzhugh of Chatham, deceased, do insert the following advertisement three times a week for eight weeks in the Alexandria Daily Gazette.
Teste,

Alex. Moore, Register.

This is to give Notice,

That the subscriber of Alexandria county, in the district of Columbia, has obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county letters testamentary on the estate of Wm. Fitzhugh, Esquire, of Chatham, late of the county aforesaid, deceased: all persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof to Alexander Moore, Register of Wills of Alexandria, on or before the 23d day of June next, or they may by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. And those indebted thereto are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 23d day of December, 1809.

Robert Randolph,

Register of Wm. Fitzhugh, of Chatham.

PRINTING in all its various branches, handsomely executed with accuracy and dispatch.

From the Freeman's Journal.

A F A B L E.

[Altered from GAY to illustrate the doctrine of insinuating insults by implication.]

I know you Ministers can, with ease,
Twist words and meanings as you please;
That language, by your skill made pliant,
Will bend to favor all you'd spy in't;
That 'tis the wish direct the sense
To make out e'en your side's pretence.
Since things are thus, *se defendendo*,
bar fallacious *insuendo*.

If I lash vice in general fiction,
Is't I apply, or self conviction?
Brutes are my theme. Am I to blame
If men in mortals are the same?

I no man call or ape or ass;
'Tis his own conscience holds the glass.
Thou void of all offence I write;
Who claims the fable knows his right.

A shepherd's dog unskilled in sports,
Pick'd up acquaintances of all sorts;
Among the rest a Fox he knew;
By frequent chat their friendship grew.

As on a time the Fox held forth,
On conscience, honesty, and worth,
Sudden he stopp'd; and the cock'd his ear;
Low dropt his bushy tail with fear.

Bless us, the hunters are abroad:
What's all that clatter on the road?

Hold says the dog, we're safe from harm,
'Twas nothing but a false alarm.
At yonder town 'tis market day;
Some farmer's wife is on the way;
'Tis so—I knew her piebald mare—
She's bringing forth her poultry ware.

Reynard grew huff. Says he, this sneer
From you I little tho't to hear:
Your meaning in your looks I see:
Say I what's Dams Dobkins, friend, to me?
Did I e'er make her poultry thinner?
Prove that I owe the dame a dinner:

Friend, quoth the Cur, I meant no harm;
Then why so captious? why so warm?
My words, in common acceptation,
Could never give this provocation.
No lamb, (for aught I ever knew)
May be more innocent than you.
At this gall'd Reynard win'd and swore
Such language ne'r was given before.

What's lamb to me? This saucy hint,
Shows me, base knave, which way you squint.
If't other night your master lost
Three lambs, am I to pay the cost?
Your vile reflection would imply
That I'm the thief. You dog, you lie!

Thou knave, thou fool, the dog reply'd,
The name is just, take either side:
Thy guilt these applications speak:
Sirrah! 'Tis conscience makes you squeak.

So saying, on the Fox he flies:
The self-convinced felon dies.

P I T Y.

An Orphan Boy, all wan and pale,
Sore pierced with misery's chilling frost,
To tender Anna told his mournful tale,
Of friend, of fortune, and of kindred lost

She heard, was grieved, and shed a tear,
And on the ground all night it lay—
It froze—the morning found it there,
A pearl of price, a gem of purest ray.

NEW-YORK, Jan. 16.

Latest News from Spain.

On Saturday arrived at this port, the ship Whampoa, Dekoven, and Camilla, both from Cadiz, the former having left that port on the 9th of December, and captain Dekoven has politely favored the editor of the Mercantile Advertiser with the following verbal intelligence, viz.

That a battle was fought in La Mancha, near Carolina about the middle of November, between a Spanish army of 50,000 men and Ney's division consisting of from 18 to 20,000; that on the approach of the French army, 10,000 of the Spaniards threw down their arms, without firing a gun; and that the remainder retreated, and were completely dispersed for three days; that they again mustered to the amount of from 35 to 40,000 men.

An executive government had been formed at Seville, consisting of six members; of which the bishop of Laodicea was appointed the president. The Central Junta still existed.

A decree had been passed by the Spanish government for augmenting their army to 250 or 300,000 men.

A passenger in the Whampoa, who was at Gibraltar on the 1st of December, informs us, that an army of 7000 men was mo-

mently expected at Gibraltar from Lisbon, to take possession of Ceuta, the islands of Minorca and Majorca, and Africa; and that it was understood, the members of the Spanish Junta would remove to Ceuta; in case the French army should cause them to retire. No intelligence had reached Cadiz of the burning of Madrid.

It was known at Gibraltar on the 1st of December, that a part of the Toulon fleet had returned into port.

The ship Bramin, Singleton, of Philadelphia sailed from the Straits for New York about the middle of November, laden with brandy, steel, &c. The ship Hare, of New York, was loading at Alicante on the 3d of December. About the same time a schooner from New York arrived at Algiers.

Captain Dekoven has furnished the editor of the Mercantile Advertiser with a file of Spanish papers to the 6th of December.

Joseph E. Bloomfield, passenger on board the ship Camilla, captain Wm. Fleming, of Philadelphia, has communicated to us the following intelligence for publication.

Left Cadiz in the afternoon of the 6th of Dec. 1809, with the schr. Ruthy of Boston. The brig Mary Ann, Dyer, of and for Alexandria, sailed the day before the Camilla.

Upwards of 45 sail of American vessels were at Cadiz, who had generally to store their cargoes; the markets being dull on account of the number of arrivals from the U. States.

Six or 7 vessels would sail for different ports in the U. S. in the course of a week. Saw an American brig standing in as the Camilla came out. There had arrived a few days before she sailed two vessels from the southward, and one from the eastward, names not recollected.

Vessels carrying out cotton are subject to a quarantine of 40 days, as are all those vessels whose bills of health are not regularly certified by the Spanish consul. The conduct of the health officers had been so various to vessels arriving from the U. S. that it is impossible to give a rule for their conduct, as almost every day brought out some new order.

The renewing the quarantine to 40 days (the old regulation) was in consequence of the refusal of the Spanish Consul at New-York to endorse the bills of health; and at the same time stated to the government that a contagious disease was in New-York; and as all the ports in the United States had constant communication, it would be proper to lay a general quarantine, which was accordingly done; nor were the Spanish consular certificates to regular bills of health, from other ports in the U. States any advantage in the first instance, but all shared the fate of those from New-York. Even vessels which had been at Lisbon and performed a quarantine of 8 days, and brought bills of health from thence, had to lay 40 days, deducting the time they had been at Lisbon.

There was no news of consequence at Cadiz, except that Gerona had at last fallen to the French, after having undergone a siege in which the inhabitants experienced great privations and showed astonishing fortitude and courage not equalled by Saragossa or any place the French have besieged in Spain.

It was reported that the marquis Romana had gone forward to collect and take charge of the defeated Spanish grand army, and had been able to form another of about 40,000 of the defeated troops and peasantry, with whom he hoped to stop the progress of the French.

There was a report in Cadiz, which came by the way of Gibraltar which was thought very probable, that Bonaparte had ordered 80,000 of his troops from Italy into Spain, and intended to let his brother Joseph establish himself.

The French continue successful in the province of Catalonia, and it was expected they would be able to possess themselves of the province of Valencia as they were getting possession of the different ports on its coast.

A number of Spanish ships of the line were laying at Cadiz; several frigates had been fitted out and sailed for South America.

Commodore Purvis was still in the Atlas laying at Cadiz. There were ten British sail of the line expected, and 10 more would be off that station as occasion may require, who will no doubt prevent the Spaniards giving up Cadiz. Another great object is the taking care of the Spanish and French fleets laying there, in case the French should be successful.

The best informed persons in Cadiz think that Spain must soon fall, as she has not now any troops she can depend upon, the English are much dissatisfied with the

Spanish government, &c.

The passes of the Sierra Morena are strong and may be held with few if they are such as can be depended upon. Should the French pass the Sierra Morena, the whole Andalusia will fall to them.

CHARLESTON, Jan. 11.

Arrived sch'r Betsey, Anthony, Martinico, 20 days. The Betsey was bound to New York, but put into this port in distress, having sprung a leak; also on account of his men; two of whom, named John Blake and David Cobbett, died on board. Left at Martinico, brig Admittance, Collins, of and for Salem, to sail in 8 days; ship Mindwell, Brush, of Boston, for Norfolk, to sail in 10 days; sch'r Elizabeth, McCarty, for New York, to sail in 8 days.

Twelve other American vessels remained at Martinico. Capt. Lincoln lost his vessel at St. Pierre's, (Martinico) on the 24th October, at which time several other vessels were driven ashore in a severe gale, and lost; among which were the British East India ship Fortitude, which cost in building 10,000% and having a cargo of sugar on board; the English ship Isabella with a cargo of coffee; American schooner Aurora, of Plymouth, Mass. brig Jefferson, Lincoln, with a full cargo; schooner Ariel, McGouty, of New London, with a cargo—vessels and cargoes lost but no lives.

An expedition was preparing at Fort Royal, to go against Guadaloupe; our informant, however, imagines it will not take place. Admiral Cochrane had arrived a few days before from Halifax, in the Pompey, 74 gun ship, supposed to take command of the expedition; which would be joined by the Abercrombie, commodore Fobie; two frigates, and five sloops of war, which had been lying at Port Royal waiting for reinforcements daily expected from Portsmouth; before the arrival of which the attack would not be commenced. Four French frigates lately arrived at Guadaloupe from France; they had previously fallen in with the British frigate Juno, last from Halifax, which they took and proceeded on with her to Guadaloupe; two of the frigates entered the port of Basseterre; the other continued westwardly. The French frigates which entered Basseterre, had 600 men, and provisions for the relief of that place. On the 20th ult. accounts were received at Martinico, that an English frigate of two ships of the line, two frigates, a sloop of war, and two armed brigs, made an attack on a small fort at the west end of Basseterre, on the 15th, but were repulsed with the loss of 250 men, and had sailed again for the Saints. Captain Cameron, of the Hazard sloop of war, was killed while attempting to haul down the colors of the fort. The fort was provided with but 6 or 8 guns, but during the siege was bravely reinforced. The French set fire to the frigate Juno, and the English destroyed one French frigate. There were 1500 troops at Martinico. An English frigate, 28 days from Portsmouth, passed St. Pierre's on the 14th Dec. and was said to be going against St. Bartholomews; she was joined by St. Pierre's by two armed brigs. Report stated that St. Bartholomews had previously surrendered; but it was not believed. Price of American produce at Martinico, the 20th ult. Flour 11 dollars; timber, from 50 to 60; fish, 4 dollars, (dull); and other produce in proportion. Colonial produce, sugar, 3 dollars; coffee, 15 dollars; molasses 25 cts.

New Tooth Extractor.

THE subscriber has effected an improvement in the instrument for extracting teeth, by which that operation is rendered considerably less painful, and more safe, than by the common method, and applies in all cases.

During some months use of this instrument, (the only one except Bruff's Patent, where that will apply) the jaw has in no instance been injured, nor the gum torn (or lacerated.)

Persons who choose it, attended at their homes as usual. Apply lower end of Prince-street to

Ch: Douglas.

Intending to apply for a patent, it cannot be seen for examination at present.
December 30. co3m

For Sale or Lease.

I wish to sell or lease on ground rent for ever a Lot of Ground on the south side of Prince street, between Alfred and Patrick streets.

R. Moss.

January 5.

Alexandria Daily Gazette.

MONDAY, JANUARY 22.

MARRIED ON Sunday the 14th inst, in the city of Philadelphia by the Reverend Bishop White, Mr. A LINDO, of Sebastian Springs, to the amiable Miss HARRIOT GILLINGHAM of that city.

On Friday the 12th instant, the Legislature of Delaware elected OUTERBRIDGE HORSLEY, Esq. the Attorney General of that State, to fill the vacancy in the Senate of the United States, occasioned by the death of Samuel White, Esq.

FRENCH DECREE.

Extract of a letter from Tonningen, dated Nov. 17, received at Baltimore.

Since my arrival here, accounts have been received of another decree of the Emperor, dated Paris, Oct. 29th prohibiting the importation and exportation of all articles of foreign growth to and from Hamburg: which has had a very sensible effect upon the markets, made void contracts and put a stop to all sales. Before this all articles were forwarded to Altona from this port; then smuggled into Hamburg; from thence they were allowed to be freely exported.

Extract of a letter from a merchant at Hamburg, dated 14th November, 1809—received by schooner Nonsuch, captain Chase.

"In consequence of an imperial decree received here a few days since, dated Fontainebleau, 29th October, sales of colonial produce are entirely at an end—formerly after produce had found its way into this place, the French authorities under the supposition that it had been imported here previous to the year 1807, gave passports, with which the property was carried into the interior, and as those passports are now no longer of any use, I fear sales will go on slowly, even at very reduced prices, for although the goods may eventually find a vent it will be attended with much greater expense and trouble than formerly."

Arrived at Portland, the brig Commerce, capt. Chase, 46 days from Tonningen. Sailed Nov. 20. in company with the barque Roboreau, capt. Cross, of and for Salem. Left at Tonningen, 39 or 40 sail of American vessels; but as captain Chase was for the most of his time at Hamburg, he did not learn their names. In coming down the channel, they saw 12 sail of his Britannic Majesty's frigates and Gun-Brigs—and but one of them spoke him. Capt. Chase is of opinion from the polite attention of the English cruisers that they are far from harboring any ill will towards the Americans; but on the contrary are disposed to permit a free enjoyment of trade, without unnecessarily delaying them to search.

Capt. Chase informs us that the French soldiers were taking up their quarters in the different cities about Tonningen—that 2500 Westphalian troops had arrived at Hamburg, and more were daily expected.

Scraps from Hamburg and Altona papers per schooner Nonsuch, Chase, from Tonningen, received at the office of the Baltimore American.

IMPERIAL DECREE.

PALACE OF FONTAINEBLEAU,

October 29th, 1809.

Colonial produce cannot be introduced into the city of Hamburg, through the lines of the Duaniers—nor be transported thence; in contravention whereof they will be confiscated.

(Signed)

NAPOLÉON.
MARET.

Agreeable to a written order by Napoleon the fortifications of Vienna are to be razed; it is however, presumed that the further blowing up of them will be procrastinated: The troops of the Rhenish confederation are on their way home. Near Presburgh the bastions are demolishing. The grand army is filing off through Augsburg; within a fortnight 40,000 men will pass through that city.

General Carra St. Cyr remains governor of Dresden. The Pope is at Savona.— John Quincy Adams, Esq. has arrived at St. Petersburg. The blowing up of the fortifications at Brunn had commenced.

PRAGUE, Nov. 3.

Our emperor has issued the following proclamation.

"I have brought the war to a close, to give the blessings of repose to my people, and not to expose their welfare any longer to the incertitude of accidents. They have shown their fidelity and real attachments in all dangers, and thereby have strengthened the ties by which a prince is bound to his people. I acknowledge my army, whose achievements I shall always remember with heartfelt emotion, as the support of my throne and as a safeguard for the future happiness of my subjects. In the last three bloody battles it has won the esteem and admiration of the world. The numberless tokens of an inviolable fidelity and attachment to my person have procured it my highest encomiums and esteem, they are the best security of my gratitude.

Its welfare, will in future be my utmost care—to remunerate the merits of every single individual agreeable to the wishes of my heart, is as yet impossible."

[Here follow promotions in the army, distribution of crosses of the order of Maria Theresa and silver medal, &c.]

FRANCIS.

October 24, 1809.

The Emperor is on the recovery.

Senate of the United States.

WEDNESDAY, January 17.

The bill for incorporating a company for making certain roads in the District of Columbia was on motion of Mr. Smith of Maryland, re-committed to a select committee consisting of the following gentlemen: Messrs. Smith of Md. Brent, Goodrich, Bradley and Gilliard.

The bill authorizing the fitting out, equipping and manning the frigates of the U. States was read in committee of the whole and ordered to be engrossed for a third reading.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

The bill to engage a corps of volunteers for a short period in the service of the U. States was on motion of Mr. Bradley, postponed till Monday next.

[By this bill the president of the U. S. is authorized to engage in the service of the U. States for the term of one year, the following military force to be engaged as volunteer companies.

From Vermont 20 companies, N. Hampshire 20, Massachusetts 40, Rhode Island 19, Connecticut 20, New York 40, N. Jersey 20, Pennsylvania 40, Delaware 10, Maryland 50, Virginia 50, North Carolina 30, South Carolina 30 Georgia 20, Tennessee 20, Kentucky 30, and from Ohio 10 companies; each to consist of one captain, one lieutenant, one ensign, four sergeants, four corporals, two musicians, and not less than forty nor more than sixty privates. One inspector will be appointed for each state from the officers of the army now in service, whose duty it shall be to repair to the state for which he is appointed and receive the written engagement of the companies, &c. The corps of volunteers to be liable during the period for which they are engaged, to be ordered into actual service by the president of the U. States, and whilst in service to be entitled to the same pay, rations, forage and emolument of every kind (bounty and clothing excepted) with the regular troops of the United States. When these volunteer corps shall be engaged, mustered & accepted by the president, they shall be entitled to the following bounties: to each commissioned officer one month's pay; to each non-commissioned officer, musician and private of such companies who are dressed in complete uniform and armed and equipped for service in the field, twenty-five dollars; to each private, &c. in complete uniform and not armed, fifteen dollars, and one musket and bayonet, and one cartridge box. The corps to be formed into regiments, consisting of ten companies each, from the same state, one colonel or lieutenant-colonel, and two majors to each regiment to be selected by the president of the United States. If a sufficient number to fill the quota from each state shall not engage by the day of the President is to accept so many supernumerary companies from the state nearest to it, as may be necessary to supply the deficiency; but when more companies shall engage than the quota required, those whose written engagement were first received shall be accepted in preference. The office of inspector of volunteers to be discontinued from and after the day

of and the officers appointed shall return home; or sooner if the president shall think proper. A sum of dollars is proposed to be appropriated to carry the plan into effect.]

January 18.

Mr. Read submitted the following resolution for an amendment of the constitution; which was read for consideration:

"Resolved by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, two thirds of both houses concurring, That the following section be submitted to the legislatures of the several states, which when ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the states, shall be valid and binding as a part of the constitution of the United States.

"If any citizen of the United States shall accept of any title of nobility from any king, prince or foreign state, such citizen shall therefor be incapable of holding any office of honor or profit under the United States."

Mr. Pope reported the bill for the improvement of the United States by public roads and canals, with considerable alterations and amendments.

Congress of the United States.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

FRIDAY, January 19.

[CONCLUDED.]

[Taken for the Alexandria Gazette.]

Mr. Sawyer spoke against the bill.

Mr. Alcorn spoke in its favor.

Mr. Key rose to make some observations on the bill, when he was called to order by Mr. Sheffy. The Speaker decided that he was talking too wide a range, and he sat down.

Some other gentlemen spoke on the subject, when the question on Mr. Rhea's motion was taken, and lost, yeas 26, noes 102.

Mr. Bacon's amendment to limit the act to the present session of Congress, was then taken and lost, yeas 34, noes 27. The house then adjourned.

SATURDAY, January 20.

Mr. Eppes from the committee on navy and means reported a bill "making appropriations for the support of government, for the year 1810."

A bill making appropriations for the Navy of the United States for the year 1810.

And a bill "making appropriations for the support of the military establishment of the United States for the year 1810. These bills were referred to a committee of the whole house and ordered to be printed.

Mr. Morrow from the committee on public lands, on the petition of the chiefs and head men of the Ottoway, Wyandot and Patawatama nations of Indians, praying the United States to ratify to a Doctor Brown, a certain tract of land, three miles square, which they had granted to Doctor Brown for his professional services; reported that the prayer of the petitioners ought not to be granted. [Our government mean to keep all the business of cheating Indians in its own hands.]

Mr. Van Horne presented the petition of the widow and children of Joseph Hodson, praying compensation for a house burnt in the city of Washington, while occupied as a war office. Referred to the committee of claims.

Mr. Macon called up the unfinished business of yesterday, the bill for regulating commercial intercourse between the U. S. and Great Britain, &c.

Mr. Livermore moved to amend the bill, by adding a section to suspend the operation of the 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th and 8th sections, until the day of next Lost, only 24 rising in the affirmative.

Mr. Ross made a long war speech. The bill he did not like—it is too weak for him. He wanted war measures immediately.

Mr. Mumford was against the bill and for continuing the old non-intercourse. He moved that if this bill pass there may be two new sections added to it. To arm commerce agreeable to Mr. Burwell's resolutions offered some days past.

Mr. Montgomery offered another amendment to authorize the president to instruct the commanders of American armed ships and vessels, to bring in any vessels attempting to evade the provisions of this law, for adjudication.

These amendments altering the provisions and principles of the bill, Mr. Milnor moved to refer to a select committee. This question was lost—yeas 59, noes 90. Adjourned.

Extract of an act of the Corporation of Alexandria, for the extinguishment of Fire.

Sec. 7. If any person who shall be present at any fire, shall neglect or refuse to obey the order or direction of any officer who shall be appointed by any Fire company now established, or which may be hereafter established, knowing him to be an officer, such person shall forfeit and pay the sum of five dollars; Provided the name of such officer shall have been first published in one of the public papers.

At a meeting of the Friendship Fire Company, held at Mr. John Hodgkin's Tavern, January 8th, 1810, the following Officers have been elected for the present year, viz.

James McGuire, 1st	Commanders
Charles M. Knight, 2d	
James Galt, 3d	
James Millan,	Subordinate
Charles Paecon,	
Matthew Robinson,	Regulators
John C. ...	
John ...	Trustees
Richard ...	
John ...	
John ...	
John ...	

Extract from the Minutes,
Test,
MATTHEW ROBINSON, Sec.
Jan. 18. op 31

NOTICE.

A meeting of the Stockholders of the Domestic Manufactory Company of Alexandria, will be held at the court house, in Alexandria, on Thursday, the 22nd day of this month, between the hours of two and six in the evening; at which meeting the stockholders will either personally or by proxy elect seven of their own body to act as Directors of the said Company for one year, agreeable to the articles of association.

George Dentale,
Hugh Smith,
John Longden,
John McKinnon,
James Irwin,
Chairmen.

January 21.
Public Sale.

On TUESDAY next, will be sold at the Vendue Store, for cash,

A Negro Woman of about 10 years of age, accustomed to house work, sold for no fault.

Philip G. Marsteller.

January 22.
Public Sale on Conway's wharf.

THIS MORNING, at eleven o'clock will be sold,

The entire CARGO of the Brig Mary-Ann, Capt. Dyer, from Cadix,

CONSISTING OF—
48 quarter casks old Sherry Wine,
178 jars Olives,
26 casks Raisins,
200 boxes Muscadell and Bloom do.
9 bags Walnuts,
10 do. Filberts,
6 do. Soft-shelled Almonds;
100 fraile Figs,
One bale Straw Carpets and Mats, and between 4000 and 4500 bushels Salt.

And immediately after,
Will be sold, the said Brig,
With all her furniture and apparel as she came from sea.

Terms will be made known at the time of sale.
P. G. MARSTELLER.

January 22.

Ten Dollars Reward.

STRAYED, or stolen away from the subscriber's wagon, on the night of the 18th instant, a dark bay MARE, about 16 hands and half high, 7 years old, heavy with foal, a natural trotter, long tail, but the hair rubbed off on each shoulder with the collar and much rubbed on the back with the saddle tape. I will give the above reward to any person who will deliver the said mare to Mr. William A. Mills, in Alexandria.

Michael Sybert.

January 23.

A FEW HOGSHEADS
First quality Molasses,
For sale at
Robert Anderson.
January 18.

ANTHONY RHODES,

PAINE-STREET,
HAS FOR SALE,
FACTORY COTTON Yarn of various numbers, for weaving and knitting, American Gingham, Stripes, Chambrays, Bedticking, Shirting, Sheetings and Diapers, also Cotton Threads of various colors, all at factory prices—Rhode Island Cheese, Potatoes, Cyder and Apples, by the barrel, Beef and Herrings, per barrel; Mould & dip't Candles, per box; Sugar, per barrel, Currant Wine, per barrel; Cotton, per bale; coarse Cotton Handkerchiefs, per bale or piece—Also a number of Rhode Island built Moses Boats—Mens and Womens Shoes, and Groceries as usual.
January 9.

Public Sale.

UNDER the authority of a deed of trust from Samuel Bailey to us, for the purpose of securing the payment of certain debts to William Wilson, surviving administrator of Cumberland Wilson, deceased, and to Benjamin Botta, we will offer at public sale, for cash, on the 19th day of March next, at the front door of the court-house, in Fairfax county, a TRACT OF LAND, in the said county, described in this deed as situated on Occoquan Creek, adjoining to the town of Colchester, and devised to the said Samuel Bailey by his father William Bailey—supposed to contain four hundred acres.

Thomas Harrison, jun.
R. I. Taylor.

December 8.

New Shoe Store.

S. & D. REED,

RESPECTFULLY inform the inhabitants of Alexandria and its vicinity, that they have just opened and for sale, in Fairfax street, three doors from King street, a general assortment of ladies, gentlemen, misses, boys and childrens SHOES of every description, particularly selected from the best factories, of the best materials and newest patterns.

Also a quantity of HATS.

January 19.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber by virtue of a deed of trust to him from WILLIAM HODGSON, dated on the 26th day of November, in the year 1808, for the purpose of securing John Hopkins, on the 6th day of February next, and at the hour of twelve o'clock of that day—if the day is not a fair day, then on the first fair day thereafter and at the same hour will proceed to sell for ready money, at public auction, to the highest bidder, on the premises,

The Fee-simple Estate

In the following Property, to wit:
About five acres and ten poles of ground with the houses thereon, situate in the county of Alexandria, in the vicinity of the town of Alexandria, and adjoining the west side of Bellview, the residence of Mr. Hodgson, which five acres and ten poles are now in the possession of Mr. Hodgson.

Edmund I. Lee, Trustee.

January 3.

Valuable Property for Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale the House on Fairfax street, in Alexandria, now occupied by Mrs. S. Nickolls. The assessors say this property is worth four thousand two hundred dollars, and have, year after year, assessed it at this sum; but the subscriber now offers it for sale at the half of the assessed value.

He also offers for sale,

The vacant Lots on Fairfax and Franklin streets. Assessors have said that these Lots are worth three thousand two hundred dollars per acre, and have assessed them at that rate; but the subscriber will take less than the half of that sum per acre.

He would gladly sell all his property on the Mall—his Houses on King street, near Royal street—his Houses on the same street, near Washington street—his ground-rents, or any other property he has in Alexandria, on a credit of 6, 12, and 18 months.—Apply to Cuthbert Powell or

S. Cooke.

Leesburg, March 30.

TO BE RENTED,

For one or more years,

THAT valuable property commonly called Jones's Point, now occupied by JOSEPH BROWNING—Also, the Marsh and Hills adjacent. The terms will be made known by Dr. Stephen Cooke, near Leesburg, Loudoun county.

The subscriber having been informed that JOSEPH BROWNING has committed various depredations on the point, that he has sold the same which surrounded it, and the soil itself, gives notice to those who have been engaged in this honorable traffic, that a repetition of it will inevitably subject them to the penalties of the law.

John R. Cooke.

December 16.

TO THE PUBLIC

Who are affected with Coughs, Colds, Asthma, and Consumptions.

THERE is perhaps no medical observation better established, none more generally confirmed by the experience of the best physicians of all ages and countries, and none of more importance to the practitioner than the fact that many of the most difficult and incurable complaints originate in neglected COLDS. In a climate as variable as ours, where the changes of the weather are frequently sudden and unexpected, it requires more care and attention to guard against this subtle and dangerous enemy of life, than most people imagine, or are willing to bestow.—Hence the vast number of patients afflicted with coughs, catarrhs, asthmas and consumptions. The many cases of the kind which fell under my observation, the disappointment I experienced in practice, from remedies highly recommended, and my own pre-disposition to pulmonary complaints, were strong inducements for me to consider whether a compound, consisting of mild vegetable substances could not be invented, more free from the well founded objections of practitioners, and better calculated to avert the threatening destruction of the lungs.

I have the satisfaction to offer to the public such a remedy, under the name of the VEGETABLE PULMONIC DETURGENT, well adapted to various constitutions and habits, and to declare with the fullest confidence that I found this composition far superior to others intended to answer the same purpose. I am perfectly satisfied, that practitioners, who have frequently to combat the effects of suppressed perspiration and do not neglect the use of the lancet and other evacuations, whenever they are indicated, will place this medicine on the list of their most favorite remedies; as it can in no case do harm. I will abide by this motto:

NO RELIEF NO PAY.

This motto may be deemed ostentatious by some, and amounting to a positiveness that the medicine will invariably effect a cure in any stage of a disease like a miracle; the proprietor is far from believing that this medicine will render mankind immortal; but he is fully sensible if taken seasonably, and according to the directions, it will either prevent or cure, and if unseasonably, it will most sensibly alleviate distress and prolong life; and having no desire to profit by the confidence of the sick and afflicted, induces me to make the above overture. Should the contrary appear in any instance, as in some it possibly may, the money for the medicine will be cheerfully refunded by the person who may vend the same.

GEORGE ROGERS.

N. B. The above named medicine is secured to the subscriber by letters patent from the President of the United States, and prepared at his Dispensary in Northampton county of Hampshire and state of Massachusetts.

To the Public.

The great benefit which I have experienced from Rogers's Vegetable, &c. and a firm persuasion that it may afford relief to others, induces me to make every laudable exertion for its distribution.

For five years preceding the last of Dec. 1807, in consequence of taking a violent cold I had been afflicted with the asthma, a disorder which I conceived to be hereditary. My father and grandfather both having greatly suffered from it. The disorder increasing rapidly upon me, in the spring of 1807, I consulted Dr. C. L. Seeger, but the urgency of his business prevented him from attending at that time, particularly to my case. My business made it necessary for me to leave home and be absent the greater part of summer, which deprived me of the able professional assistance of Dr. Seeger. In September last, a severe cold brought on a violent cough and the disorder assumed an aspect more serious and alarming than at any former period—I was extremely debilitated, emaciated and confined. Such was the irritability of my lungs I was obliged to use the greatest caution in the act of respiration. After a free use of Rogers's Vegetable, &c. for about two months I was perfectly relieved of the dreadful cough which had so long afflicted me, and completely cured of every symptom of the asthma. In short, blessed be God, I have continued in sound health ever since. As these facts may be important to those unfortunate individuals who are suffering from the same disorder, I have been thus particular in their detail. And I do not hesitate to declare my solemn conviction, both from my own experience and observing its effects on others, that Dr. Rogers's V. P. D. is an easy, safe and effectual remedy for coughs and asthmas, and is the greatest antidote to all pulmonary complaints that the world has ever witnessed.

Jacob W. Brewster.

Northampton, January, 1809.

THIS may certify, that about the first of October last, I was attacked with a violent cough, which proceeded, as was the opinion of my physician, who is a man well approved of in his profession, from a bruise which I received on my left side about a fortnight

before. By his consent I tried Rogers's Pulmonic Deturgent—I was very weak and low and took but half the quantity prescribed by his directions. In three days I was much relieved, and in eight days quite cured of the cough.

Moses Parsons, jun.

Northampton, February, 1809.

Northampton, (Mass.) Feb. 1809.

I James Heaton, also hereby certify, that in the fall of the year 1808, I was seized with a severe cold attended by an obstinate and distressing cough. The violence of my cough soon produced a pain in my side and breast, and frequently spitting of blood; in short, all the horrid symptoms of a consumption were rapidly assailing me. In this situation I was recommended to Dr. George Rogers, who rendered me immediate relief by administering his Vegetable Deturgent. I have continued the use of it ever since, and for three months past, though not completely restored to health, I have been able constantly to attend to my business—and I fully believe that my partial restoration has been solely owing (under God) to this valuable medicine.

James Heaton.

To the Public.

In consequence of taking a severe cold in May, 1808. I was seized with a violent pain in my side, attended with a distressing cough, which, although I had the advice and prescriptions of a respectable physician lasted me four weeks, without any alleviation. I then applied to Dr. George Rogers, who administered his Vegetable Pulmonic Deturgent, which gave me immediate relief; and in ten days I was entirely freed from the pain in my side and cough.

Charles Chapman.

Northampton, March, 1809.

FELICIAH NORTON, jun. of Westampton, in Massachusetts, do certify, that in the last year I was attended with a great debility, weakness of the lungs, distressed for breath and a violent cough attended with a fever for a number of months; about the 15th of August I began the use of Dr. George Rogers's Vegetable Pulmonic Deturgent. I kept in the use of it about three months. Immediately after taking this medicine my cough abated, and I could breathe with more freedom. I would recommend the medicine from my own experience, to those who are troubled with a cough, and disorders of the lungs and breast, and consumptive complaints, and do believe it to be a valuable and useful medicine.

Elijah Norton, jun.

Westampton, Feb. 21, 1809.

For sale by R. GRAY, Bookseller, King street agent for the proprietor.

October 31.

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Orphans' Court,

Alexandria County, Jan. Term, 1810.

Ordered, That the executors of Christian Ludwick Hellrigel, deceased, do insert the following advertisement three times in each week for four weeks, in the Alexandria Daily Gazette.

Teste.

Alex. Moore, Register.

This is to give Notice,

THAT the subscribers of Alexandria county, in the district of Columbia, have obtained from the Orphan's Court of said county, letters testamentary on the estate of Christian Ludwick Hellrigel, late of the county aforesaid deceased, all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers on or before the 10th day of July next, or they may by law be excluded from all benefit to said estate, and those indebted there to are required to make immediate payment. Given under our hand this 10th day of January, 1810.

Barbara Hellrigel, Ex'rs.

Jacob Christian Hellrigel,

John Douglas,

Ex'rs of Christian Ludwick Hellrigel.

January 10.

Staw2w.

Mount-Vernon Fisheries

TO RENT.

THE above FISHERIES will be rented for the ensuing season, or leased if required for a term of years, on very advantageous terms, to any person desirous to take the same. Apply to

Bushrod Washington,

Mount-Vernon; or

Alexander Moore,

of Alexandria

January 10.

Staw2w.

For Rent or Sale,

A Bake-house & Dwelling-house.

THAT Bake House and Dwelling House situate at the corner of Water and Oronoko streets, at present occupied by Mr. Andrew Jamieson. Possession may be had the first day of January next.

John Dundas.

November 17.

Staw2w.

GRAND LOTTERY, Three Prizes of 25,000 Dollars each.

STATE OF NEW-YORK,
Union College Lottery, No. 1.

MANAGERS.

William W. Gilbert, Isaac D. Smith,
Benjamin Dewitt, Stephen Thayer,
George Merchant, S. C. H. E. M.

3 Prizes of	\$25,000 is \$75,000
1	10,000
1	5,000
4 250 Tickets each,	7,000
2	2,000
3	1,000
23	500
30	200
50	100
100	50
200	20
10,500	10

10,924 Prizes,
24,076 Blanks.

35,000 Tickets, at 7 dollars, is 245,000

Less than 2 1/4 blanks to a prize; subject to a deduction of 15 per cent. Prizes payable 30 days after the conclusion of the drawing.

OF THE ANNEXED PRIZES.

1st drawn No. 10th day of drawing, entitled to \$1000.

1st do. 15th do. 250 Tickets from No. 1 to No. 250, inclusive.

1st do. 20th do. 250 do from No. 251 to 500, inclusive.

1st do. 25th do. 550 do. from No. 22,001 to 22,550, inclusive.

1st do. 30th do. 250 do. from No. 22,551 to 23,000, inclusive.

1st do. 35th do. Cash, 25,000 dollars.

1st do. 40th do. 1000

1st do. 45th do. 25,000

At 4000 Blanks drawn to be entitled to a Ten Dollar prize each.

The drawing will commence in the City of New York on the third Tuesday in April next, and will continue to draw 600 Tickets each day (except the last day, when there will remain 800 to be drawn), until finished.

TICKETS for sale by R. GRAY, Bookseller, King street, Alexandria, where all tickets sold by him may be examined, and information obtained respecting the Lottery during the drawing, free of expense. Prizes in the Baltimore College Lottery will be taken at their full value for 1 tickets in this Lottery, and the difference paid in cash. Cash will also be advanced for prizes as soon as drawn, at a moderate discount.

Present price of tickets eight dollars.

January 1.

Should the first number, on the 15th day of drawing, be either of the numbers from 1 to 250, inclusive, then, in that case, the next drawn number (not one of those numbers) shall draw, and be entitled to the 250 tickets, with the prizes and blanks that may be drawn to them previous to the 15th day of drawing; and in the like manner with tickets for the 20th, 25th, and 30th days of drawing; so that a person with one ticket may draw One Thousand Tickets! Question—How? Answer—Suppose No. 11,175, is the property of A, the first drawn number on the 15th day of drawing, which will entitle A to the numbers from 1 to 250; and the first drawn number on the 20th day of drawing, may be No. 175, which will entitle him to the numbers from 251 to 500. The first drawn number, on the 25th day, may be No. 375, which will entitle him to the numbers from 22,001 to 22,550, inclusive; and the first drawn number, on the 30th day of drawing, may be one of the 750 tickets already drawn, which will entitle him to the numbers from 22,550 to 23,000—Yes, sir, and the thousand tickets may draw One Hundred Thousand Dollars!

Public Sale.

THE subscriber, by virtue of a deed of trust to him from Mr. William Hodgson, dated on the 10th day of November, in the year 1808, for the purpose of indemnifying Mr. John Hopkins, with, on the first day of February next, at the hour of twelve o'clock of that day, if fair; if not, on the next fair day at the same hour, proceed to sell, at the court-house, in Alexandria, a public auction, to the highest bidder, for ready money three thousand acres of LAND, situate on the left fork of Big Sandy Creek, which land was, at the time of the grants for the same, in the county of Monongalia, in the state of Virginia.

The above tracts of land were granted by the state of Virginia, to John Allison by three several patents containing respectively one thousand acres, and bearing date on the first day of October, 1784; which land has been since duly conveyed to the said William Hodgson by deed dated 3d of August, 1790.

Edmund J. Lee, Trustee.

Nov. 27.

For Sale or Hire.

Two young NEGRO BOYS—the eldest about eighteen, the youngest about twelve years of age.—Enquire of the Printer.

January 16.

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